# **Health Care Worker**

# **COVID-19 Vaccine Prioritization: Rationale**

Priority groups, settings and rationale are defined by the Ministry of Health. Timeline may change based on vaccine availability and provincial directions.

# Phase 1: A Jan-Mar 2021

# **Highest Priority**

- -Provide direct, in-person patient care to patients at highest likelihood of being COVID-19 positive or work in environments with high in-person exposure to these patients.
- -Ensure vital pandemic response services are protected and maintained.
- -Hospitals are the largest source of case acquisition among health care workers and outbreak associated patient deaths outside of long-term care and retirement homes.
- -Specialized patient populations at highest risk of negative outcomes if they contract COVID-19.
- -Most critical health care workers to COVID-19 response and to highly vulnerable communities.

# **Very High Priority**

- -Provide more direct, in person patient care.
- -Higher level of urgency and criticality, services that cannot be delayed or deferred.
- -Higher likelihood of engaging in higher exposure risk procedures.
- -Unable to work virtually or remotely.
- -Specialized patient populations at high risk of negative outcomes if they contract COVID-19.
- -Interactions with patients/clients with less access to PPE.
- -High criticality to health system.



Phase 1: B

Mar-Apr 2021

# **High Priority**

- -Lower risk of exposure relative to highest and high priorities.
- -Less urgent care, services that can be delayed/deferred relative to highest and high priorities.
- -Unable to fully work virtually or remotely.



Apr-Jun 2021

# **Moderate Priority**

- -Services that can be provided remotely/virtually or within non patient facing areas of health care facilities.
- -Moderate priority phase will include health care workers not yet immunized.

**Health sector organizations** – all workers are considered 'health care workers'.

**Non-health sector organizations** - only workers providing a health service or direct patient care are considered 'health care workers'.



# **Health Care Worker**

# **COVID-19 Vaccine Prioritization: Sectors & Settings**

### All hospital and acute care staff in frontline roles with COVID-19 patients and/or with a high-risk of exposure to COVID-19, including those performing aerosol-generating procedures:

- -Critical Care Units
- -Emergency Departments and Urgent Care Departments
- -COVID-19 Medical Units
- -Code Blue Teams, rapid response teams
- -General internal medicine and other specialists involved in the direct care of COVID-19 positive patients

### All patient-facing health care workers involved in the COVID-19 response:

- -COVID-19 Specimen Collection Centers
- -Teams supporting outbreak response
- -COVID-19 vaccine clinics and mobile immunization teams
- -Mobile Testing Teams
- -COVID-19 Isolation Centers
- -COVID-19 Laboratory Services

### **Medical First Responders:**

- -Paramedics
- -Firefighters providing medical first response

### Community health care workers serving specialized populations including:

- -Needle exchange/syringe programs & supervised consumption and
- -Aboriginal Health Access Centers, Indigenous Community Health Centers, Indigenous Interprofessional Primary Care Teams, and Indigenous Nurse Practitioner-Led Clinics
- -Community Health Centers
- -Highly critical health care workers in remote and hard to access
- -Home and community care health care workers caring for recipients of chronic homecare and seniors in congregate living
- facilities or providing hands-on care to COVID-19 patients in the

### Acute care and other hospital settings:

-Patient care areas not included in Highest Priority (e.g. surgical care, obstetrics, etc.)

### Congregate settings: (outside of higest priority level)

- -Correctional settings -Residential facilities
- -Hospices and palliative care settings
- -Shelters
- -Supportive housing

### Community care with high risk of exposure and serving specialized patient populations:

- (outside of the Highest Priority level)
- -Community Health Centers
- -Home and community care -Adult day programs for seniors

### Other health care services for Indigenous

populations: (outside of the Highest Priority level) -Community agencies with patient-facing providers

delivering any type of health services to First Nations communities and Indigenous Peoples

### Community care with high risk of exposure and serving the general population: (outside of the Highest Priority level)

- -Birth centres
- -Community Based Specialists -Death investigation professionals
- -Dentistry
- -Gynecology/obstetrics
- -Midwifery
- -Nurse practitioner-led clinics / contract nursing agencies
- -Otolaryngology (ENT)
- -Pharmacies -Primary care
- -Respirology
- -Respiratory Therapy
- -Walk-in clinics

### **Laboratory services**

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Non-health sector organizations - only workers providing a health service or direct patient care are considered 'health care workers'.

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### Community care with lower risk of exposure and serving special populations:

-Developmental services

-Mental health and addictions services

### Community care with lower risk of exposure and serving general population:

### -Campus health

- -Community diagnostic imaging -Daycare/school nursing
- -Dietary/nutrition

- -Independent health facilities
- (e.g. Opticians/Optometry, Podiatry, Audiology,
- medical and surgical specialties)
- -Naturopathy/Holistic care
- -Social work
- -Sexual health clinics

### Non-acute rehabilitation and therapy:

- -Chiropractic
- -Chronic pain clinics
- -Kinesiology
- -Occupational therapy
- -Physiotherapy
- -Psychiatry
- -Psychology
- -Psychotherapy -Registered massage therapy / Acupuncture
- -Other therapy

# Non-Frontline health care workers:

require PPE to work

Remaining health care workers not vet

-People working remotely and who do not

## immunized

**Public health** 

PHASE 2 Apr-Jun 2021

PHASE 1: A Jan-Mar 2021

PHASE 1: B Mar-Apr 2021

